



Merchant Services
Operating Guidelines

Operating Procedures

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MERCHANT PROCESSING OPERATING PROCEDURES

These Operating Procedures describe the procedures and methods for submitting Credit and Debit Card transactions for payment, obtaining Authorizations, responding to Chargebacks and Media Retrieval Requests, and other aspects of the operations of our services.

We are a full-service financial transaction processor dedicated, among other processing services, to facilitating the passage of your Sales Drafts back to the thousands of institutions who issue the MasterCard®, Visa® and Interac Cards carried by your customers, as well as to the independent Card Issuers of American Express®/Optima®, JCB® and Discover®. The Operating Procedures focus primarily on the MasterCard, Visa and Interac Card Organizations' operating rules and regulations, and seek to provide you with the principles for a sound Card program. They are designed to help you decrease your chargeback liability and train your employees. (In the event we provide Authorization, processing or settlement of transactions involving Cards other than MasterCard, Visa and Interac, you should also consult those independent Card Issuers' proprietary rules and regulations.)

The requirements set forth in these Operating Procedures will apply unless prohibited by law. You are responsible for following any additional or conflicting requirements imposed by your provincial or local jurisdiction.

1. MasterCard and Visa Acceptance

1.1. Card Descriptions. At the point of sale, the Card must be carefully examined to determine whether it is a legitimate and valid Card.

Cards share similar qualities to help identify their validity, and there are anti-fraud safeguards unique to each Card brand.

CARDS AND SIGNATURES. You should not accept a Card that is not signed. If an unsigned Card is presented to you:

1. Inform the customer that the Card must be signed.
2. Have the customer sign the Card in your presence and provide a current, valid government ID that has been signed (such as a passport or driver's license). Do not accept a temporary form of ID, such as a temporary driver's license that does not have a photo.
3. Compare the signature on the ID to that on the Card.
4. If the customer refuses to sign the Card, do not complete the Transaction.

COMMON CHARACTERISTICS: These characteristics typically apply to most Card brands.

Overall Card Quality: A Card may be any color (but is never faded or washed out) or feature a background pattern or photograph. The Card's edge should be smooth and clean, never rough. The print should be crisp and clear.

Matching Account and BIN Numbers: An identical series of numbers (known as the Bank Identification Number [BIN]) is printed directly above or below the first four embossed numbers on the Card and in the signature panel.

Hologram Quality: An authentic Hologram should reflect light and change in appearance as you move the Card. It should barely catch your fingernail, but should not be such that you can peel it off.

Card Account Number and Card Identification Number: The signature panel on the back of the Card should include either the entire Card account number or its last four digits, followed by the Card Identification Number. These numbers should be printed in reverse italics and should match the embossed numbers.

UNIQUE CARD CHARACTERISTICS

For the unique Card design elements specific to the Cards, please visit the following Card websites.

MasterCard: <http://www.mastercard.ca>

Visa: <http://visa.ca>

American Express: <https://www.americanexpress.com/canada>

Discover Network: <https://www.discover.com>

Visa: All Visa account numbers begin with the number four (4). The embossing on all digits must be clear, even and the same size/shape. A three-dimensional dove hologram appears to move on the label as the card is rotated or tilted. The last raised card numbers appear on top of the hologram. A four-digit number must be printed directly below the embossed account number. This printed number should match exactly with the first four digits of the account number. Please note that some Visa gift, prepaid, and reloadable cards may have the card number printed on the front of the card, but not embossed.

MasterCard: All MasterCard account numbers begin with the number five (5). The embossing should be clear and uniform in size and spacing. MasterCard now supports unembossed cards by issuer. Presently, the unembossed issued card account information will appear on the front of the card as an indent, laser or thermal (heat-induced) print. The MasterCard logo may appear on the front or the back of the card along with a hologram. Whether on the front or back of the card, a hologram with interlocking globes showing the continents should appear three-dimensional and move when the card is tilted. Please note that some MasterCard gift, pre-paid and reloadable cards may have the card number printed on the front of the card, but not embossed.

1.2. Effective/Expiration Dates. At the point of sale, the Card should be carefully examined for the effective (valid from) (if present) and expiration (valid thru) dates which are located on the face of the Card. The sale date must fall on or between these dates. Do not accept a Card prior to the effective date or after the expiration date. If the Card has expired, you cannot accept it for a Card sale unless you have verified through your Authorization Center that the Card is in good standing, otherwise, you are subject to a Chargeback and could be debited for the transaction.

1.3. Valid Signature. Check the back of the Card. Make sure that the signature panel has not been disfigured or tampered with in any fashion (an altered signature panel may appear discolored, glued or painted, or show erasure marks on the surface). The signature on the back of the Card must compare favorably with the signature on the Sales Draft. The Sales Draft must be signed by the Card presenter in the presence of your authorized representative (unless a Card Not Present Sale) and in the same format as the signature panel on the Card; e.g., Harry E. Jones should not be signed H.E. Jones. The signature panels of Visa, MasterCard and Discover Cards now have a 3-digit number (CVV 2/CVC 2/CID) printed on the panel known as the Card Validation Code.

Visa and MasterCard: If the signature panel on the Card is blank, prior to requesting an Authorization, you must do all the following, otherwise, request for alternative payment form:

- Review positive identification bearing the Cardholder's signature (such as a passport or driver's license that has not expired) to validate the Cardholder's identity.
- Indicate the positive identification, including any serial number and expiration date, on the transaction receipt.
- Require the Cardholder to sign the signature panel of the Card prior to completing the Transaction.

1.4. Users Other Than Cardholders. A Cardholder may not authorize another individual to use his/her Card for purchases. Be sure the signature on the Card matches with the one on the Sales Draft. Furthermore, any Card having two signatures on the back panel is invalid and any sale made with this Card can result in a Chargeback. For Cards bearing a photograph of the Cardholder, ensure that the Cardholder appears to be the person depicted in the picture which appears on the Card. If you have any questions, call the Voice Authorization Center and request to speak to a Code 10 operator.

1.5. Special Terms. If you limit refund/exchange terms or impose other specific conditions for Card sales, the words "No Exchange, No Refund," etc. must be clearly printed on the Sales Draft near or above the Cardholder's signature. The Cardholder's copy, as well as your copy, must clearly show this information. During a liquidation and/or closure of any of your outlets, locations and/or businesses, you must post signs clearly visible to customers stating that "All Sales Are Final," and stamp the Sales Draft with a notice that "All Sales Are Final."

Do not give cash, cheque or in-store credit refunds for card sales.

NOTE: A disclosure does not eliminate your liability for a Chargeback. Consumer protection laws and Association Rules frequently allow the Cardholder to dispute these items notwithstanding such disclosures.

1.6. Delayed Delivery or Deposit Balance. In a delayed delivery transaction where a Cardholder makes a deposit toward the full amount of the sale, you should execute two separate Sales Drafts (each

completed fully as described in Section 3.1.), the first for a deposit and the second for payment of the balance upon delivery of the merchandise or the performance of the services.

Visa: For Visa transactions, you must obtain an Authorization if the cumulative total of both Sales Drafts exceeds the floor limit. You must obtain an Authorization for each Sales Draft on each transaction date. You must assign the separate Authorization numbers to each Sales Draft, respectively. You must note on such Sales Drafts the words “delayed delivery,” “deposit” or “balance,” as appropriate, and the authorization dates and approval codes.

MasterCard: For MasterCard transactions, you must obtain one Authorization. You must note on both Sales Drafts the words “delayed delivery,” “deposit” or “balance,” as appropriate, and the authorization date and approval code.

NOTE: For Visa and MasterCard transactions, If delivery is more than twenty-five (25) days after the original transaction date and the initial Authorization request, you should reauthorize the unprocessed portion of the transaction prior to delivery. If the transaction is declined, contact the Cardholder and request another form of payment. For example: On January 1, a Cardholder orders \$2,200 worth of furniture and you receive an Authorization for the full amount; however, only a \$200 deposit is processed. The above procedures are followed, with a \$2,000 balance remaining on the furniture; the \$2,000 transaction balance should be reauthorized.

1.7. Recurring Transaction and Preauthorized Order Regulations. If you process recurring transactions and charge a Cardholder’s account periodically for recurring goods or services (e.g., monthly insurance premiums, yearly subscriptions, annual membership fees, etc.), the Cardholder shall complete and deliver to you a Cardholder approval for such goods or services to be charged to his account. The approval must at least specify the Cardholder’s name, address, account number and expiration date, the transaction amounts, the frequency of recurring charges and the duration of time for which the Cardholder’s permission is granted.

If the recurring transaction is renewed, the Cardholder must complete and deliver to you a subsequent written request for the continuation of such goods or services to be charged to the Cardholder’s account. You may not complete a recurring transaction after receiving a cancellation notice from the Cardholder or Issuer or after a request for Authorization has been denied.

If we or you have terminated your Merchant Agreement, you may not submit authorization requests or sales data for recurring transactions that are due after the termination date of your Merchant Agreement.

You must obtain an Authorization for each transaction and write “Recurring Transaction” (or “P.O.” for MasterCard transactions) on the Sales Draft in lieu of the Cardholder’s signature. A positive authorization response for one recurring transaction Card Sale is not a guarantee that any future recurring transaction authorization request will be approved or paid.

For all recurring transactions, you should submit the 3-digit Card Validation Code number with the first authorization request, but not subsequent authorization requests.

A Recurring Transaction or Preauthorized Order may not include partial payments for goods or services purchased in a single transaction.

You may not impose a finance charge in connection with a Recurring Transaction or Preauthorized Order.

If you process recurring payment transactions, the Recurring Payment Indicator must be included in each Authorization request. Penalties can be assessed by the Card Organizations for failure to use the Recurring Payment Indicator.

1.8. Certain Rules and Requirements. The following rules are requirements strictly enforced by Visa and MasterCard:

- You cannot establish minimum or maximum amounts as a condition for accepting a Card.
- You cannot impose a surcharge or fee for accepting a Card. However providing a discount for cash is permissible provided that the discount is clearly disclosed as a discount from the standard price.
- You cannot establish any special conditions for accepting a Card.
- You cannot require the Cardholder to supply any personal information (e.g., home or business phone number; home or business address; or driver’s license number) unless instructed by the Authorization Center. The exception to this is for a mail/telephone/Internet order or delivery-required transaction, and zip code for a Card-present key entered transaction in order to obtain an Address Verification (“AVS”). Any information that is supplied by the Cardholder must not be in plain view when mailed.

- Any tax required to be collected must be included in the total transaction amount and not collected in cash.
- You cannot submit any transaction representing the refinance or transfer of an existing Cardholder obligation deemed uncollectable.
- You cannot submit a transaction or sale that has been previously charged back.
- You must create a Sales or Credit Draft for each Card transaction and deliver at least one copy of the Sales or Credit Draft to the Cardholder.
- You cannot submit a transaction or sale to cover a dishonoured cheque.
- If you accept Card cheques, your Card cheque acceptance policy must treat the acceptance of cheques from all payment card brands that you accept equally. (e.g., if you accept MasterCard, Visa and Interac, your cheque acceptance policy must treat cheques for all three payment card brands equally). You should handle these Card cheques like any other personal cheque drawn upon a bank in Canada.
- Failure to comply with any of the Association Rules may result in fines or penalties.

1.9. Card Acceptance. You will accept valid and unexpired Cards, which we have offered to Acquire for you, presented by Cardholders as payment for the goods and services that you offer. You may indicate your consent to accept any type of Card in writing.

If you have indicated either in your card acceptance form (the “Form”) or by advising us, at least thirty (30) days in advance that you will limit your acceptance to either (i) only accept Visa Debit Card and/or MasterCard Debit Card transactions; or (ii) only accept Visa Credit Card and/or MasterCard Credit Card transactions, then the following terms in this Section 1.9 will apply:

1.9.1. You will be authorized to refuse to accept for payment either Visa Debit Cards and/or MasterCard Debit Cards, or Visa Credit Cards and/or MasterCard Credit that are issued within Canada. You will, however, continue to be obligated to accept all foreign issued Credit or Debit Cards issued by MasterCard or Visa so long as you accept any type of MasterCard or Visa branded Card.

1.9.2. It will be your responsibility to determine at the point of sale whether a Card is of a type that you have indicated that you will accept. You agree to institute appropriate systems and controls to limit your acceptance to the Card types indicated.

1.9.3. To the extent that you inadvertently or intentionally accept a transaction other than the type anticipated for your account, such transaction will downgrade to a higher cost interchange and you will be billed the difference in interchange (a Non-Qualified Interchange Fee), plus a Non-Qualified Surcharge if applicable (see your Merchant terms and conditions).

1.9.4. Based upon your choice to accept only the Card types indicated in the Application, you must remove from your premises any existing signage indicating that you accept all Visa and MasterCard Cards and use approved specific signage reflecting your policy of accepting only Visa Debit and/or MasterCard Debit Cards or Visa Credit and/or MasterCard Credit Cards.

1.9.5. You will not:

- (a) charge Cardholders prices for goods or services that exceed your ticketed or posted price for such goods or services;
- (b) impose any fees, other charges or other conditions for the use of a Card as a means of payment, generally known as surcharging;
- (c) require a minimum amount of goods be purchased or services be performed before accepting a Card; or
- (d) accept a Card to collect or refinance an existing debt with respect to Credit Cards only.

1.9.6. You will not make any cash advance to a Credit Cardholder or any other person as a part of a Credit Card Transaction, or include the amount of any cash advance in the sum being invoiced to a Credit Cardholder in a Transaction Record or Sales Draft.

1.9.7. When a Card is presented as payment for a Transaction, you will:

- (a) Complete a Transaction Record at the time of the Transaction;
- (b) Electronically capture the information on the magnetic stripe, or embedded in the chip, of the Card;
- (c) You will, as appropriate, follow the prompts on the Terminal, and:
- (i) Swipe the Card through the Terminal; or

- (ii) Have the Cardholder insert the Card into the Terminal; or
- (iii) Have the Cardholder wave the Card in proximity to a contactless Terminal.
- (d) You will ensure that the following information is included on the Transaction Record:
 - (i) The number of the Card except that at least four (4) digits of the Card must be suppressed or disguised on the Cardholder copy;
 - (ii) Your name and full address including city, province and country;
 - (iii) The date of the Transaction;
 - (iv) The amount of the Transaction in the currency of the Transaction;
 - (v) The Authorization Number obtained for the Transaction from the Terminal;
 - (vi) Where required, the signature of the Cardholder obtained immediately after completion of the Transaction Record; and
 - (vii) The Transaction type (purchase or credit);
- (e) If a Transaction is processed by way of a PIN, the following provisions apply:
 - (i) For each Card Transaction processed by a Terminal, you will act on the instructions displayed by the Terminal and instruct the Cardholder to verify the Transaction amount and have the Cardholder enter their PIN.
 - (ii) The PIN entered by the Cardholder will be verified at the time of the Transaction. If an incorrect or unauthorized PIN is entered, the Terminal and PIN Pad will indicate a message that the PIN is incorrect or unauthorized. The Cardholder must be permitted three (3) consecutive attempts to enter the correct PIN for one Transaction. You may decline a Transaction after any three (3) consecutive PIN entry failures.
 - (iii) You will deliver to the Cardholder a copy of the Transaction Record printed by the Terminal.
 - (iv) The Cardholder's PIN is confidential to the Cardholder. You will not request or require that the Cardholder disclose in any manner his or her PIN to you or any person.
 - (v) You will ensure that each Cardholder is adequately protected against disclosure of his or her PIN during entry into the Terminal or PIN Pad. The Terminal or PIN Pad must be situated in such a manner as to minimize the potential for disclosure of the PIN during entry by the Cardholder into the Terminal.
 - (f) If a Credit Card Transaction is processed by way of the magnetic stripe on the Credit Card and the magnetic stripe on the card cannot be swiped, you will follow these additional procedures:
 - (i) You will call us for telephone Authorization of all Credit Card Transactions;
 - (ii) You will accept only Credit Cards with valid expiry dates;
 - (iii) You will obtain a manual imprint from your imprinter of the Credit Card on a Sales Draft that includes:
 - (1) The number of the Credit Card;
 - (2) The expiry date of the Credit Card;
 - (3) The Cardholder's name;
 - (4) Your name and full address including city, province and country;
 - (5) The date of the Transaction;
 - (6) The amount of the Transaction in the currency of the Transaction;
 - (7) The Authorization Number obtained from us by telephone for the Transaction;
 - (8) The signature of the Cardholder obtained immediately on the manual imprint of the Credit Card on the Sales Draft;
 - (9) The Transaction type (purchase or credit);
 - (10) Your name and number from the merchant plate affixed to your imprinter; and
 - (iv) You will accurately type ("key") the Transaction into the Terminal in accordance with any procedures that we provide to you.
 - (g) See section 3.2 for Mail / Telephone / Internet (Ecommerce) and other Card Not Present sales.

1.10. Deposits of Principals. Owners, partners, officers and employees of your business establishment, and the guarantors who signed your Form, are prohibited from submitting Sales Drafts or Credit Drafts

transacted on their own personal Cards, other than transactions arising from bona fide purchases of goods or services in the ordinary course of your business. Such use in violation of this Section 1.10 is deemed a cash advance, and cash advances are prohibited.

1.11. Merchants in the Lodging Industry.

1.11.1. Generally. There are additional rules and requirements that apply to merchants in the lodging industry for practices including, but not limited to, Guaranteed Reservations and charges for no shows, advance deposits, overbookings, and priority checkout. If you are a merchant in the lodging industry, you must contact us for these additional rules and requirements. Failure to do so could result in additional charges or termination of your Merchant Agreement.

1.11.2. Lodging Service Programs. In the event you are a lodging merchant and wish to participate in Visa's and/or MasterCard's lodging services programs, please contact your sales representative or relationship manager for details and the appropriate MasterCard and Visa requirements.

1.12. Customer Activated Terminals and Self-Service Terminals. Prior to conducting Customer Activated Terminal ("CAT") transactions or Self-Service Terminal transactions you must contact us for approval and further instructions, rules and requirements that apply to CAT and Self-Service Terminal transactions. Failure to do so could result in additional charges or termination of your Merchant Agreement.

1.13. Displays and Advertising. You must prominently display appropriate Visa, MasterCard, Interac and, if applicable, other Association decals and program marks at each of your locations, in catalogs, on websites and on other promotional materials as required by Association Rules. You may not indicate that Visa, MasterCard, Interac or any other Association endorses your goods or services. Your right to use the program marks of either MasterCard, Visa or Interac terminates upon the earlier of (i) if and when your right to accept the Cards of the respective Association terminates (e.g., if your right to accept MasterCard Cards terminates, you are no longer permitted to use MasterCard program marks), (ii) delivery of notice by us or the respective Association to you of the termination of the right to use the program mark(s) for that Association, or (iii) termination of the license to use the program marks by the respective Association to us.

1.14. Cash Payments by and Cash Disbursements to Cardholders. You must not accept any direct payments from Cardholders for charges of merchandise or services which have been included on a Sales Draft; it is the right of the Card Issuer to receive such payments. You may not make any cash disbursements or cash advances to a Cardholder as part of a Credit Card transaction.

1.15. Telecommunication Transactions. Telecommunication Card Sales occur when a telephone service provider is paid directly using a Card for individual local or long-distance telephone calls. (**NOTE:** pre-paid telephone service cards are not and do not give rise to Telecommunication Card Sales). Prior to conducting Telecommunication transactions you must contact us for approval and further instructions, rules and requirements. Failure to do so could result in additional charges or termination of your Merchant Agreement.

2. Suspect Transactions

If the appearance of the Card being presented or the behavior of the person presenting the Card is suspicious in nature, you must immediately call the Voice Authorization Centre and ask to speak to a Code 10 operator. Answer all their questions and follow their instructions. While not proof that a transaction is fraudulent, the following are some suggestions to assist you in preventing fraudulent transactions that could result in a Chargeback:

Ask yourself, does the Customer:

- appear nervous/agitated/hurried?
- appear to be making indiscriminate purchases (e.g., does not care how much an item costs, the size, etc.)?
- make purchases substantially greater than your usual customer (e.g., your average transaction is \$60, but this transaction is for \$360)?
- insist on taking the merchandise immediately (e.g., no matter how difficult it is to handle, is not interested in free delivery, alterations, etc.)?
- appear to be purchasing an unusual amount of expensive items?
- take an unusual amount of time to sign the Sales Draft, or look at the back of the Card as he signs?

- talk fast or carry on a conversation to distract you from checking the signature?
- take the Card from a pocket instead of a wallet?
- repeatedly come back, in a short amount of time, to make additional purchases?
- cause an unusual, sudden increase in the number and average sales transactions over a one- to three-day period?
- tell you he has been having some problems with his Card Issuer and request that you call a number (that he provides) for a “special” handling or Authorization?

Does the Card:

- have characters the same size, height, style and all within alignment?
- appear to be re-embossed (the original numbers or letters may be detected on the back of the Card)?
- have a damaged hologram?
- have a Magnetic Stripe on the back on the Card?
- have an altered signature panel (e.g., appear discolored, glued or painted, or show erasure marks on the surface)?
- have “valid from” (effective) and “valid thru” (expiration) dates consistent with the sale date?

If you use an electronic terminal and swipe the Card, make sure the account number displayed on the terminal and/or the Sales Draft matches the number on the Card. If you cannot or do not verify the account number and accept the sale, you are subject to a Chargeback and could be debited for the amount of the transaction. **IF THE NUMBERS DO NOT MATCH, DO NOT ACCEPT THE CARD AS A FORM OF PAYMENT, EVEN THOUGH AN AUTHORIZATION CODE FOR THE MAGNETICALLY SWIPED CARD NUMBER MAY BE RECEIVED.**

Fraud-Prone Merchandise Tips:

- Jewelry, video, stereo, computer and camera equipment, shoes and men’s clothing are typically fraud-prone because they can easily be resold.
- Be suspicious of high dollar amounts and transactions with more than one fraud-prone item, e.g., two VCRs, three gold chains, etc.

If you suspect fraud:

- Call the Voice Authorization Centre and ask to speak to a Code 10 operator.
- If the terminal does not display the Card number, call the POS Help Desk for terminal assistance.

REMEMBER: AN AUTHORIZATION CODE ONLY INDICATES THE AVAILABILITY OF A CARDHOLDER’S CREDIT AT THE TIME OF THE TRANSACTION. IT DOES NOT WARRANT THAT THE PERSON PRESENTING THE CARD IS THE RIGHTFUL CARDHOLDER. IF PROPER PROCEDURES ARE NOT FOLLOWED AT THE TIME OF THE TRANSACTION, YOU ARE SUBJECT TO A CHARGEBACK AND YOUR ACCOUNT MAY BE DEBITED FOR THE AMOUNT OF THE TRANSACTION.

3. Completion of Sales Drafts and Credit Drafts

You must prepare a Sales Draft or Credit Draft, as applicable, for every Credit or Debit Card transaction and provide a transaction receipt or copy of the Draft to the Cardholder at the time the Card transaction is completed.

3.1. Information Required. All of the following information must be contained on a single page document constituting a Sales Draft or Credit Draft:

- Cardholder’s account number must appear on the Sales or Credit Draft in the manner required by applicable law and Association Rules. Note: The Sales or Credit Draft you provide to a Cardholder and retain for your record may not include the Cardholder’s expiration date or any more than the last four digits of the Cardholder’s Card number.
- Clear imprint of the Card. Whenever the term “imprint” is used it refers to the process of using a manual imprinting machine to make an impression of the Card on a Sales Draft; it does not include the printout from a printer attached to an electronic device. If you use an electronic device (e.g., authorization/draft capture terminal, cash register, POS Device, etc.) and swipe the Card to read and capture the Card

information via the Magnetic Stripe, you do not have to imprint the Card. HOWEVER, IF THE TERMINAL FAILS TO READ THE MAGNETIC STRIPE OR IF YOU ARE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A VOICE AUTHORIZATION, THEN YOU MUST IMPRINT THE CARD. IN ADDITION, THE SALES DRAFT MUST HAVE THE CARDHOLDER'S SIGNATURE. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THESE PROCEDURES WILL PREVENT YOU FROM DEFENDING A TRANSACTION IN THE EVENT THAT IT IS CHARGED BACK UNDER A CLAIM THAT THE RIGHTFUL CARDHOLDER DID NOT AUTHORIZE THE PURCHASE. ENTERING INFORMATION INTO A TERMINAL MANUALLY WILL NOT PREVENT THIS TYPE OF CHARGEBACK. FOR MAIL/TELEPHONE/INTERNET AND OTHER CARD NOT PRESENT ORDERS SEE SECTION 3.2.;

- Cardholder's Signature
- Date of the transaction;
- Amount of the transaction (including the approved currency of the sale);
- Description of the goods and/or services involved in the transaction (if there are too many items, combine them into one description; e.g. "clothing" instead of "one pair of pants, one shirt"). Do not carry information onto a second Sales Draft;
- A valid authorization code; and
- Merchant's Doing Business As ("D/B/A") name and location (city and province required) and Merchant Account Number.
- When imprinting Sales Drafts, do not alter the Cardholder account number, circle or underline any information on the Sales Draft or alter a Sales Draft in any way after the transaction has been completed and signed. Stray marks and other alterations on a Sales Draft may render it electronically unscannable, unreadable or illegible. This may result in a Chargeback or summary adjustment to your account.
- This Section shall apply only to receipts that include a Card account number that are electronically printed and shall not apply to transactions in which the sole means of recording the Card account number is by handwriting or by an imprint or copy of the Card.

3.2. Mail / Telephone / Internet (Ecommerce) Orders and Other Card Not Present Sales. Card-Not-Present transactions are those that occur when there is no face-to-face contact with the cardholder. These transactions typically include purchases made:

- by mail (also referred to as Mail Order/MO)
- by telephone (also referred to as Telephone Order/TO)
- over the internet (also referred to as Ecommerce)

Prior approval must be obtained from First Data in order to process Card Not Present transactions. Furthermore, you may only engage in mail/ telephone orders provided they do not exceed the percentage of your total payment Card volume reflected on your Card Acceptance Form. Failure to adhere to this requirement may result in cancellation of your Merchant Agreement.

With regards to Internet (Ecommerce) orders, we require merchants to identify their ecommerce transactions under a separate merchant number to ensure compliance with MasterCard, Visa and other Card Issuers Operating Regulations.

Merchants conducting Internet transactions must be properly identified as ecommerce transactions and as such have special codes (an "Electronic Commerce Indicator") added to their authorization and settlement records. Failure to comply may result in fines and penalties. The accuracy of this information is essential as it may have an impact on interchange qualification and pricing.

- Mail, Telephone, Internet and other Card Not Present transactions have a substantially higher risk of Chargeback. Since you will not have an imprinted or magnetically swiped transaction and you will not have the Cardholder's signature on the Sales Draft as you would in a face-to-face transaction, you will assume all risk associated with accepting a mail/telephone/Internet or other Card Not Present transaction. The following procedures, while they will not eliminate Chargebacks, are useful in reducing them and should be followed by you:
- Obtain the expiration date of Card;
- On the Sales Draft, clearly print the Cardholder's account number; effective and expiration dates, date of transaction, description of the goods and services, amount of the transaction (including shipping,

handling, insurance, etc.), Cardholder's name, billing address and shipping address, authorization code, and merchant's name and address (city and province required);

- For mail orders, write "MO"; for telephone orders, write "TO" on the Cardholder's signature line;
- If feasible, obtain and keep a copy of the Cardholder's signature on file on a form authorizing you to submit telephone and mail order transactions;
- You should utilize the Address Verification Service for all Card Not Present Transactions (see note below);
- You should obtain the 3-digit Card Validation Code number and include it with each authorization request. NOTE: Merchant retention of this authentication number is strictly prohibited;
- For telephone orders, it is recommended that written verification of the sale be requested from the Cardholder (sent by mail or fax);
- You may not submit a transaction for processing until after the merchandise has been shipped or the service has been provided to the Cardholder. (The Card Organizations will permit the immediate billing of merchandise manufactured to the Cardholder's specifications [i.e., special/custom orders] provided the Cardholder has been advised of the billing details.);
- You should provide a copy of the Sales Draft to the Cardholder at the time of delivery. You must also obtain proof of delivery of the goods or services to the address designated by the Cardholder (i.e., by getting a signature of the Cardholder or person designated by the Cardholder through the delivery carrier). If the Cardholder visits one of your locations to receive the goods or services purchased, obtain an imprint of the card and the Cardholder's signature;
- Notify the Cardholder of delivery time frames and special handling and/or of cancellation policies. Merchandise shipping dates must be within seven (7) days of the date Authorization was obtained. If, after the order has been taken, additional delays will be incurred (e.g., out of stock), notify the Cardholder and reauthorize the transaction;
- You may not require a Cardholder to complete a postcard or other document that displays the Cardholder's account number in clear view when mailed;
- If you accept orders via the Internet, your web site must include the following information in a prominent manner:
 - Address of Merchant, including country;
 - Complete description of the goods or services offered;
 - Description of your merchandise return and Credit/refund policy;
 - Customer service contact, including email address and/or telephone number;
 - Transaction currency (Canadian dollars, unless permission is otherwise obtained from us);
 - Any applicable export or legal restrictions;
 - Delivery policy;
 - Consumer data privacy policy;
 - A description of the transaction security used on your website; and
 - The sale or disclosure of databases containing Cardholder account numbers, personal information, or other Card transaction information to third parties is prohibited.
 - Cancellation policy.
 - Date any free trial periods end.
- You may not accept Card Account numbers through Electronic Mail over the Internet.
 - For Ecommerce transactions, your transaction receipt must contain the following information:
- Merchant name most recognizable to consumers;
- Doing Business As (DBA) name as used on website;
- Merchant Universal Resource Locator (URL); or
- Merchant name used in the Clearing Record;
- Customer Service contact, including telephone number (If merchant delivers goods internationally, include both local and internationally accessible numbers.);

- Properly disclosed terms and conditions of the sale;
- Exact date that free trial period ends, if offered;
- Properly disclosed cancellation policies if applicable;
- Complete and accurate description of the goods or services offered;
- Merchant online address;
- Transaction amount;
- Transaction date;
- Transaction type (purchase or credit);
- Purchaser name;
- Authorization code;
- Unique transaction identification number;
- Terms and conditions of sale, if restricted;
- Return/refund policy (if restricted)
- You may not accept Card Account Numbers through Electronic Mail over the Internet.

NOTE: Address Verification Service (“AVS”), does not guarantee against Chargebacks, but used properly it assists in reducing the risk of fraud by confirming whether certain elements of the billing address provided by your customer match the billing address maintained by the Issuer. AVS also may help you avoid incurring additional interchange expenses.

AVS is a separate process from obtaining an Authorization and will provide a separate response. A transaction may not match addresses when submitted for AVS and still receive an Authorization. It is your responsibility to monitor the AVS responses and use the information provided to avoid high-risk transactions.

3.3. The Customer Service Centre and Technical Help Desk Telephone Number for all Card types in Canada is: **1-888-263-1938**

4. Data Security

THE FOLLOWING IS IMPORTANT INFORMATION REGARDING THE PROTECTION OF CARDHOLDER DATA. PLEASE REVIEW CAREFULLY AS FAILURE TO COMPLY CAN RESULT IN SUBSTANTIAL FINES AND LIABILITIES FOR UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE AS WELL AS TERMINATION OF THIS AGREEMENT.

4.1. Payment Card Industry Data Security Standards (PCI DSS). The PCI Security Standards Council is an open global forum, launched in 2006, that is responsible for the development, management, education, and awareness of the PCI Security Standards, including the Data Security Standard (PCI DSS), Payment Application Data Security Standard (PA-DSS), and PIN Transaction Security (PTS) requirements related to safeguarding payment transaction data.

The Council's five founding global payment brands American Express, Discover Financial Services, JCB International, MasterCard Worldwide, and Visa Inc. have incorporated the PCI DSS as the technical requirements of each of their data security compliance programs. Additional information on the Standards and the various Compliance Validation programs can be found at the following websites:

- PCI Security Standards Council – <https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org>
- American Express - <https://www.americanexpress.com/ca/en/content/merchant/data-security.html>
- Discover Network - <http://www.discovernetwork.com/merchants/fraud-protection>
- MasterCard - http://www.mastercard.com/us/company/en/whatwedo/site_data_protection.html
- Visa - <http://visa.ca/merchant/security/index.jsp>

All parties involved in payment card acceptance must safeguard payment transaction data and comply with the applicable standard(s). If a system with payment card information is hacked or stolen, then the compromised party must take steps to report the data security breach and work with forensics investigators, law enforcement, merchant acquiring staff and others to report findings.

PCI DSS PCI compliance validation is focused on any system(s) or system component(s) where Cardholder data is retained, stored, or transmitted, including:

- All external connections into your network (i.e., employee remote access, third party access for processing, and maintenance).
- All connections to and from the Authorization and settlement environment (i.e., connections for employee access or for devices such as firewalls, and routers); and
- Any data repository outside of the Authorization and settlement environment.

The Card Organizations or we may impose fines or penalties, or restrict you from accepting Cards if it is determined that you (and your partners) are not compliant with the applicable data security requirements. We may in our sole discretion, suspend or terminate Card processing Services under your Merchant Agreement for any actual or suspected data security compromise.

4.2. Compliance Audits. You must comply with the data security requirements shown below:

- You must install and maintain a secure network firewall to protect data across public networks.
- You must encrypt stored data and data sent across networks.
- You must use and regularly update anti-virus software and keep security patches up-to-date.
- You must restrict access to data by business “need to know,” assign a unique ID to each person with computer access to data and track access to data by unique ID.
- Do not use vendor-supplied defaults for system passwords and other security parameters.
- You must regularly test security systems and processes.
- You must maintain a policy that addresses information security for employees and contractors.
- You must restrict physical access to Cardholder information.
- You may not transmit Cardholder account numbers to Cardholders for Internet transactions.
- You cannot store or retain Card Validation Codes (three-digit values printed in the signature panel of most Cards, and a four digit code printed on the front of an American Express Card).
- You cannot store or retain Magnetic Stripe data, PIN data or AVS data. Only Cardholder account number, Cardholder Name and Cardholder expiration date can be retained subsequent to transaction authorization.
- You must destroy or purge all Media containing obsolete transaction data with Cardholder information.
- You must keep all systems and Media containing Card account, Cardholder or transaction information (whether physical or electronic) in a secure manner so as to prevent access by, or disclosure to any unauthorized party.
- For Internet transactions, copies of the transaction records may be delivered to Cardholders in either electronic or paper format.

4.3. Data Security Requirements. You may be subject to ongoing validation of your compliance with PCI DSS standards. Furthermore, we retain the right to conduct an audit at your expense, performed by us or a third party designated by us to verify your compliance, or that of your agents or third party providers, with security procedures and these Operating Procedures.

4.4. Immediate Notice Required. In the event that transaction data suspected of having been accessed or retrieved by any unauthorized person or entity, contact Customer Service or your Relationship Manager immediately and in no event more than 24 hours after becoming aware of such activity.

4.5. Investigation. You must, at your own expense (i) perform or cause to be performed an independent investigation (including a forensics analysis) of any data security breach of Card or transaction data, (ii) perform or cause to be performed any remedial actions recommended by any such investigation, and (iii) cooperate with us in the investigation and resolution of any security breach.

4.6. Third Parties. PCI DSS Compliance and data security standards set forth above also apply to any agent or third party provider that you may use to store, process or transmit Cardholder data. In addition, such agents or third party providers must be registered with the applicable Association. Therefore, you must:

- Notify us in writing of any agent or third party processor that engages in, or proposes to engage in, the storing, processing or transmitting of Cardholder data on your behalf, regardless of the manner or duration of such activities.

- Ensure that all such agents or third party processors are (i) registered with the applicable payment card brands; and (ii) comply with all applicable data security standards, including, without limitation, the PCI DSS.

You are solely responsible for the compliance of any and all third parties that are given access by you, to Cardholder data, and for any third party software that you may use.

5. Authorizations

Each authorization request you submit to us must fully comply with the applicable provisions of your Merchant Agreement. Submission of an authorization request that does not fully comply may result in assessment of additional fees to you, a declined authorization response or a Chargeback to you.

You must obtain an Authorization Approval Codes from us (or as provided in Section 5.4) for all transactions. A positive authorization response for MasterCard remains valid for seven (7) days for electronic processed transactions. For true paper merchants for MasterCard and Visa transactions the Authorization remains valid for thirty (30) days. A positive authorization response for Discover transactions remains valid for ninety (90) days. Failure to settle within these timeframes, may result in a late presentment Chargeback.

Failure to obtain an Authorization Approval Code for a sales transaction may result in a Chargeback and/or the termination of your Merchant Agreement. Authorization Approval Codes can be obtained through your POS Terminal or a Voice Response Unit ("VRU"). Any fees related to Authorizations will be charged for a request for an Authorization Approval Code, whether or not the transaction is approved.

Do not attempt to obtain an Authorization Approval Code provided by someone other than us except as described in Section 5.4. If a Cardholder or another service provider provides you with either an authorization number or with a telephone number for obtaining Authorizations, the Authorization Approval Code you receive may not be valid. Even if the transaction is initially processed and funded, it may be charged back at a later date. Also, if you receive a purported Authorization Approval Code from someone other than us, we will not have the supporting records and will be unable to verify that you received the authorization if that is later questioned in a Chargeback.

An Authorization Approval Code only indicates the availability of Credit on an account at the time the Authorization is requested. It does not warrant that the person presenting the Card is the rightful Cardholder, nor is it a promise or guarantee that you will not be subject to a Chargeback.

If you obtain Address Verification, you must review the AVS response separately from the authorization response and make your own decision about whether to accept the transaction. A transaction can receive an Authorization Approval Code from the Card Issuer even if AVS is unavailable or reflects that the address provided to you does not match the billing address on file at the Issuer. If the authorized Cardholder disputes such a transaction, you will be responsible for the resulting Chargeback.

If you receive a Referral response to an attempted Authorization, you may not submit the transaction without calling for and receiving a voice authorization. After receiving a Referral response you may not attempt another Authorization on the same Card through your POS Terminal.

If you fail to obtain an Authorization Approval Code or if you submit a Card transaction after receiving a decline (even if a subsequent Authorization attempt results in an Authorization Approval Code), your transaction may result in a Chargeback. To avoid Chargebacks and related costs, always obtain an Authorization Approval Code before submitting a transaction for settlement.

You may not attempt to obtain multiple Authorizations for a single transaction. If a sale is declined, do not take alternative measures with the same Card to obtain an approval of the sale from other authorization sources. Instead, request another form of payment. If you accept and process a transaction that was declined, or attempt multi-transactions and/or multi-Authorizations, you are subject to a Chargeback, Association Fines and/or cancellation of your Merchant Agreement.

5.1. Card Not Present Transactions. You should obtain the 3-digit Card Validation Code (CVV2, CVC2, CID) and submit this Code with all authorization requests with respect to transactions where the Card is not present (e.g., telephone, mail or internet sales). However, for recurring transaction Authorizations you should submit the Card Validation Code with the first authorization request only, and not with subsequent recurring transaction authorization requests. (See Section 1.7)

5.2. Authorization via Telephone (Other Than Terminal/Electronic Device Users).

- Call your designated voice authorization toll free number and enter the authorization information into the VRU using a touch tone phone or hold for an authorization representative.

- If advised to pick up a Card, use reasonable and peaceful means to do so, and do not take any action that will alarm or embarrass the Card presenter. You will bear all responsibility for claims, liabilities, costs and expenses as a result of any action by you, your employees, vendors or agents, that attempt to retain a Card without the Issuer's direct request or failure to use reasonable, lawful means in retaining or attempting to retain the Card. Forward the Card to: First Data Canada, 2630 Skymark Avenue, Suite 500, Mississauga, Ontario, L4W 5A4.
- On occasion, the Authorization Centre will ask you to obtain identification from the Cardholder before issuing an approval code. If you are instructed to do so, clearly write the appropriate identification source and numbers in the space provided on the Sales Draft unless otherwise prohibited by law.
- If the sale is declined, please remember that our operators are only relaying a message from the Card Issuer. The fact that a sale has been declined should not be interpreted as a reflection of the Cardholder's creditworthiness. The Cardholder should be instructed to call the Card Issuer.

5.3. Authorization via Electronic Devices.

- If you use an electronic terminal to obtain Authorization Approval Code, all sales should be authorized through this equipment. Authorizations through other methods will result in additional charges to you.
- If your terminal malfunctions, refer to your Quick Reference Guide, if necessary, or call the POS Help Desk. The problem will either be corrected promptly or may require terminal programming or replacement. During the period in which your terminal is not functioning, remember to check it periodically since most terminal problems are temporary in nature and are quickly corrected.
- If a terminal is moved or if wires are disconnected, causing malfunction, call the Technical Help Desk immediately and follow their instructions. You may be responsible for any service charges incurred for reactivation of the terminal.
- Until the terminal becomes operable, you must call your designated voice authorization toll free number and enter authorization information into the VRU using a touchtone phone. During this time, each transaction must be imprinted using a manual Imprinter machine. Failure to obtain an Authorization Approval Code and to imprint these transactions could result in a chargeback to your account.

5.4. Third Party Authorization System. If you have contracted with another authorization network to obtain Credit Card authorization, i.e., your terminal can Split Dial, liability resulting from discrepancies with that network must be resolved between you and that network.

We will not research Chargebacks resulting from Authorization Approval Codes obtained from another authorization service organization. Such Chargebacks will be passed through to you for resolution. If an authorization provided by a third party authorization system is challenged in a Chargeback, you must obtain proof (e.g., third party authorization logs) from the authorization source and submit it to us within the time frame specified on the Chargeback documentation received.

IF YOU CONTRACTED TO USE ONE OF OUR AUTHORIZATION SERVICES, DO NOT USE ANOTHER THIRD PARTY SYSTEM WITHOUT NOTIFYING CUSTOMER SERVICE. OTHERWISE, WE WILL BE UNABLE TO SUCCESSFULLY RESEARCH AND DEFEND ANY AUTHORIZATION RELATED CHARGEBACKS ON YOUR BEHALF. THIS DELAY WILL SIGNIFICANTLY DECREASE YOUR TIME TO RESEARCH AND PROVIDE PROOF OF AUTHORIZATION, THUS REDUCING YOUR OPPORTUNITY TO REVERSE A CHARGEBACK.

If you utilize another authorization network, you will be responsible for the downgrade of any transactions to a higher cost interchange that result from a mismatch of information to our systems and those of third party authorization networks (see your Merchant Agreement).

If you use a third party authorization network, you must also comply with Section 4.7.

All approved sales authorized in this manner must be entered manually as "post authorization" transactions into the terminal, once the terminal becomes operational. All credit transactions must be entered into the terminal for data capture. You may be subject to a Chargeback if you receive a Referral and subsequently receive an approval. To reduce the risk of such a Chargeback, the Card should be imprinted using a manual Imprinter machine. (For specific procedures on Electronic Data Capture, refer to the Terminal Operating Instructions/Users Guide.) If the terminal malfunctions for more than twenty-four (24) hours, contact Customer Service for further instructions on processing your transactions.

5.5. Automated Dispensing Machines. Records must be produced for all transactions whose origin and data capture use automated dispensing machines or Limited Amount Terminals. Records should include the Cardholder account number, merchant's name, terminal location, transaction date and amount.

5.6. Pre-Authorization for Travel & Entertainment (T&E) and Restaurant Merchants. If you are a business engaged in providing T&E services (e.g., car rentals, hotels, motels, etc.) or a restaurant business, and engage in the practice of "pre-authorization." You must comply with the following general procedures:

- A hotel, motel, or car rental merchant may obtain an estimated Visa or MasterCard Authorization at the time of check-in.
- Restaurants must not add an estimated tip amount to the authorization request beyond the value of the goods provided, or services rendered, plus any applicable tax.
- You must notify the Cardholder of the dollar amount you intend to "Pre-Authorize."
- If the customer decides to use another form of payment (e.g., cash, cheque, etc.) you must promptly call the Voice Authorization Response Unit to delete the authorization hold. Provide the Cardholder's account number, original dollar amount and date of the transaction, and the authorization code. If a new transaction takes place, a new imprinted and signed Sales Draft for the exact amount and a new authorization code for that amount must be obtained.
- VEHICLE RENTAL PROVIDERS MAY NOT INCLUDE POTENTIAL VEHICLE DAMAGE OR INSURANCE DEDUCTIBLES IN ANY PREAUTHORIZATIONS.
- If you receive a decline on a transaction, you must wait twenty four (24) hours before attempting to reauthorize. If you reauthorize prior to this time frame and receive an approval, you may be subject to a chargeback and a fine imposed by the Card Organizations.
- If the final amount charged to the Cardholder exceeds the original estimate by more than 15% above the preauthorization, you must authorize any additional amounts, and all incremental authorization codes must be written in the authorization area along with the date of authorization and the amount authorized.
- Pre-Authorization for certain establishments, are allowed up to a 20% (instead of 15%) variance above the amount authorized. If the final amount exceeds the amount "preauthorized" by more than 20%, you must authorize the additional amount. Estimating the Authorization amount to include a tip is prohibited. The authorization request should include only the amount associated with the bill presented to the consumer.
- You should obtain an Authorization for the initial estimated charges and then monitor the charges to ensure that the actual charges made do not exceed the estimated charges. If the actual charges exceed the amount of the initial estimated authorization (and any subsequent estimated authorizations), then you must secure a positive authorization for the additional amount. NOTE: Subsequent Authorizations should only be for the additional amount of total charges and not include amounts already authorized.
- The estimated amount of any pre-authorization for lodging accommodations must be based on (i) the intended length of stay; (ii) the room rate; (iii) applicable taxes and service charges; and (iv) other miscellaneous charges as dictated by experience.
- If an authorization request is declined, no charges occurring after that date will be accepted for that Cardholder.
- You do not need to obtain a final Authorization if the total sum of charges (the final amount) does not exceed 15% / 20% of the previously authorized charges depending on your establishment. You must record the dates, authorized amounts, and their respective Authorization Approval Codes on the Sales Draft(s).

6. Submission/Deposit of Sales Drafts and Credit Drafts

6.1. Submission of Sales for Merchants Other Than Your Business. You may present for payment only valid charges that arise from a transaction between a bona fide Cardholder and your establishment. If you deposit or attempt to deposit transactions that arise from sales between Cardholders and a different business than the one approved by us in our agreement with you, then the transaction may be charged back, we may suspend or debit funds associated with all such transactions, and we may immediately terminate your account and the Merchant Agreement.

6.1.1. Factoring. Factoring is considered merchant fraud and strictly prohibited, unless you are registered with us. Factoring is the submission of authorization requests and/or Sales Drafts by a merchant for Card transactions transacted by another business. If you submit Sales Drafts on behalf of another Person, you will suffer any losses associated with the disputes of the Card Sales. Also if any fraud is involved, you could face criminal prosecution.

6.2. Timeliness. In order to qualify for the lowest interchange Discount Rate, all Sales and Credit Drafts must be properly completed and submitted daily. If you have not received payment for submitted Sales Drafts after one (1) week from your normal payment date, contact Customer Service. Late submission of Sales or Credit Drafts may result in increased interchange rates or fees or in a Chargeback to you.

6.3. Electronic Merchants: Daily Batching Requirements & Media Submission. Batches must be transmitted to us by the time indicated in your Merchant Agreement in order to be processed on the date of transmission. Additionally, if you deposit via magnetic tape, electronic transmissions, or Electronic Data Capture terminal and have contracted to send the actual Sales and Credit Drafts to us for microfilming and retrieval, the Sales Drafts (Media) must be batched daily by register/terminal following the procedures below. Failure to do so may result in a processing fee and/or a Chargeback due to our inability to retrieve the Media as requested by the Card Issuer.

- A register/terminal Batch header form must be filled out for each Batch of Media.
- The Batch header must be imprinted with your Merchant Identification Card, and all areas completed properly (i.e., Batch number, date, amount, number of items, etc.).
- The Batch/deposit total must match to the settled/reconciled amount displayed on the terminal upon closing the Batch.
- Any discrepancies between the actual Media and electronic display must be reconciled and corrected before storing the Media (for merchants who contract to hold their Media) or before sending us the copies of the deposit. Otherwise, transactions may appear to be a new Submission and may be manually keyed (causing duplicate billing to Cardholders and resulting in Chargebacks) or we may not be able to retrieve an item when requested by the Card Issuer.
- It is your responsibility to ensure that the actual Media is batched correctly and, depending on the terms of your Merchant Agreement, either stored at your location or sent to us. (In some cases, the actual Media may be sent to your head office, and forwarded to us for electronic storage.)
- You must confirm that your equipment has transmitted its Batches to us at least once daily. Even if your equipment is designed or programmed to close and submit Batches without your intervention, it is ultimately your responsibility to confirm that the Batches have been transmitted to us for processing.

7. Settlement

Your funds for MasterCard/Visa/Interac transactions will be processed and transferred to your financial institution usually, within two (2) Business Days from the time a Batch is closed (by 11:00 p.m. (9:00 p.m. Interac) ET). Your Card transactions will be settled promptly after you submit Sales and Credit Drafts. You will be provided with settlement funds via electronic funds transfer, we will initiate an electronic funds transfer ("EFT") of such applicable settlement funds to your Settlement Account. Settlement generally will take place on the second banking day after we process the applicable Card transactions.

8. Special Provisions For Interac

The Interac direct payment ("IDP") Service enables customers to pay for goods and services by debiting money directly from their accounts using a POS terminal with PIN verification.

8.1. Honour All Cards. If you agree to accept Interac Debit Cards, you will honour all Interac Debit Card tendered by any Debit Cardholder for use in purchasing goods or services and will process all IDP transactions in accordance with your Merchant Agreement and with any rules, instructions, manuals and procedures which we may issue from time to time in accordance with your Merchant Agreement, including, but not limited to, the Interac Rules.

8.2. Processing IDP Transactions. When a Debit Cardholder presents a Debit Card, you agree to:

- Sell goods and/or services at the ticketed or posted price;
- Process a refund, if you agree to accept a return of merchandise;
- Have Cardholder swipe or insert, the Debit Card only for purposes of completing the Debit Card transaction and not for any other purpose;

- Not to impose minimum or maximum purchase amount before you will accept the Debit Card for payment;
- Not to impose any fees, other charges or other conditions of sale for the use of a Debit Card as a means of payment; and
- Not to pay any form of rebate or benefit of any kind to Debit Cardholders that discriminates among Debit Card Issuers.
- You agree to follow the following steps to complete the IDP transaction:
- Enter the information for the transaction into the POS Terminal;
- Ask the Cardholder to enter his or her PIN and verify the amount of the transaction by using the PIN pad;
- Have Cardholder act on the instructions displayed by the POS Terminal including entering his or her PIN and verifying the amount of the transaction using the PIN pad;
- If an incorrect or unauthorized PIN is entered, the POS Terminal will indicate a message that the PIN is incorrect or unauthorized. Cardholder must be permitted at least three (3) consecutive attempts to enter the correct PIN for one (1) transaction. You may decline a transaction after any three (3) consecutive PIN failures;
- Provide the Cardholder with the transaction record (regardless of whether the transaction was approved or declined);
- Respond to any tracing requests (i.e. a request for information about the nature or disposition of an IDP transaction) in accordance with the Interac Requirements and any instructions from us; and
- You agree to promptly advise us if a POS Terminal is not working.
- You agree that you are responsible for the validity and integrity of all Data that you submit in the context of a Debit Card transaction, and that in no event will we be responsible for any acts or omissions by you that cause such Data to be entered or submitted for processing in a manner that does not meet such reasonable technical requirements as we may prescribe.

8.3. Record-Keeping. You agree to maintain evidence of each Debit Card transaction and the Settlement thereof for a period of one (1) year after the date of Settlement of such transactions. You agree to make available such records for examination as we or our agents may reasonably request from time to time. This clause survives termination of this Merchant Agreement.

8.4. Return of Debit Cards. In the event that a Debit Card is inadvertently, left by a Cardholder at your premises, you may return the Card to the Cardholder upon request, subject to satisfactory identification of the Cardholder. If the Card remains unclaimed after twenty-four (24) hours, you should cut the Card into two (2) pieces and return it to us within twenty-four (24) hours to the following address: First Data Canada, 2630 Skymark Avenue, Suite 500, Mississauga, Ontario, L4W 5A4.

8.5. Disputed Debit Transactions.

. You agree not to refund any Debit Card transactions that are under dispute as to whether funds were or were not debited correctly from the account of a Cardholder. You agree to inform the Cardholder that he or she must contact their own financial institution with respect to such disputes. You agree to be liable for any attempts by you or your employees or agents to correct such disputes in the event of any incorrect debit, including, without limitation, a double debit of the Cardholder's account or a cash refund.

Your ability to complete refunds or reversal transactions may be restricted or disabled in certain circumstances, including, but not limited to, suspected fraudulent activity. When possible, you will be given advance notice in such cases.

8.6. Failure to Comply. Your access to the IDP Service may be terminated if you fail to comply with any terms of this Merchant Agreement or instructions from us.

8.7. Cardholder Confidentiality. In addition to the Data Security provisions above, you agree:

- To take all reasonable precautions to protect information encoded on Debit Cards while the Card is being used for an IDP transaction.
- That the Cardholder's PIN is confidential to the Cardholder, and you agree not to require the Cardholder to divulge or disclose in any manner his or her PIN or allow the PIN to be displayed in clear text form.
- To situate the POS Terminal or PIN pad in such a manner as to minimize potential disclosure of the PIN during its entry by the Cardholder.

- To comply with any and all applicable Federal and Provincial laws and regulations dealing with the protection and disclosure of private information about or belonging to Cardholders.

8.8. Authorization.

- All IDP transactions must be authorized via the POS Terminal or PIN pad.
- You agree that you will not attempt to obtain Authorization for an IDP transaction from another Authorization system.
- You agree that you will not attempt to obtain multiple Authorizations for a single transaction.
- If your POS Terminal malfunctions, refer to your POS Quick Reference Guide or call the Customer Service Centre.
- During any period in which your POS Terminal is not functioning, remember to check it periodically since most POS Terminal problems are temporary in nature and are quickly corrected.
- If a POS Terminal is moved or if wires are disconnected causing a malfunction, call the Customer Service. You may be responsible for any service charges incurred for reactivation of the POS Terminal

8.9. Submission/Deposit of Batches.

- All Batches must be properly completed and submitted daily. Instructions for closing and submitting Batches are provided in your POS Quick Reference Guide. Late submission may result in a delay in funding and additional charges.
- Batches must be transmitted to us by 9:00 PM ET in order to be processed on the date of transmission

8.10. Security.

- You must follow security procedures as advised by us, and to ensure that your employees are familiar with them.
- You will not allow any device to be connected to a POS Terminal, or any part of it, without our written permission.
- You are responsible for the security of all equipment that you may use to process IDP transactions and are liable for any unauthorized use of it, regardless of whether such unauthorized use was made by you, your employees, agents or customers. You are also responsible for security measures to protect your customers' PINs and the cryptographic keys loaded on your POS Terminal.
- You will take all reasonable precautions to ensure that all POS Terminals are closed and unavailable for use after business hours. You will advise us immediately if you suspect that any POS Terminal has been tampered with or if any PIN pad has been lost or stolen.
- You agree to maintain accurate logs of employee shifts and provide these logs to us within 24 hours of a request to do so as part of an investigation of a fraud incident. In the case of a suspected fraud, you agree to provide all necessary assistance and information to us, Interac Association, and/or the Interac Debit Card issuer necessary to investigate security incidents.

8.11. Confidentiality of Interac Materials. Any materials or information related to the Interac Requirements provided to you are confidential information of the Interac Association, and you shall maintain such information in confidence and shall not disclose, or permit the disclosure of, such confidential information to any third party. You may use this information only for the purpose of fulfilling your obligations under your Merchant Agreement. You acknowledge that you will be liable hereunder for any breach of such confidentiality obligations. Your obligations in respect of these materials will survive termination of your Merchant Agreement.

9. Refunds/Exchanges (Credits)

9.1. Credits and Refunds.

Refunds for a Transaction must be processed by issuing a credit to the Card on which the original purchase was made. You must also prepare a Credit Transaction Receipt for the amount of credit issued as noted below.

- Do not refund a Card purchase with cash or check.
- Do not refund cash or check purchases to a Card.

If you have a special policy regarding returns or refunds, make sure that the policy is:

- Clearly posted at the point-of-sale and printed on the Transaction Receipt in close proximity to the signature line.

- If you are processing an even exchange, no action is necessary. However, if an exchange involves merchandise of greater or lesser value, you must issue a Transaction Receipt or a Credit Transaction Receipt for the difference. If you prefer, you may instead give a full refund to the Cardholder for the original Transaction amount and process the exchange as a new Transaction.
- You must promptly complete and submit a Credit Draft for the total amount of the refund which must include the following information:
 - The account number and expiration date;
 - The Cardholder's name;
 - Your name, city, province and Merchant Account Number;
 - A description of the goods or services;
 - The transaction date of the Credit;
 - The total amount of the Credit; and
- Full refunds must be for the exact dollar amount of the original transaction including tax, handling charges, etc. (You must identify the shipping and handling charges incurred.) The refund amount may not be for more than the original Credit Card sale amount.
- All dollar amounts and other handwritten information must be clearly written. (Stray marks on the Credit Draft will render it unscannable/ illegible.)
- Do not circle or underline any information on the Credit Draft.
- Imprint the draft with the same Card used by the Cardholder to make the original purchase. You should not credit an account that differs from the account used for the original transaction.
- Do not give cash, cheque or in-store credit refunds for card sales.
- Have the Cardholder sign the Credit Draft, give the Cardholder the appropriate copy, and deposit the Credit Draft immediately. Failure to process a credit within five (5) calendar days may result in a Chargeback.
- Authorization is not required for refunds.
- You cannot intentionally submit a sale and an offsetting credit at a later date solely for the purpose of debiting and crediting your own or a customer's account.

9.2. Exchanges.

- No additional paperwork is necessary for an even exchange. Just follow your standard company policy.
- For an uneven exchange, complete a Credit Draft (follow the procedures outlined in Section 8.1.) for the total amount of only the merchandise returned. The Cardholder's account will be credited for that amount. Then, complete a new Sales Draft for the total amount of any new merchandise purchased.

10. Retention of Records For Retrievals and Chargebacks

10.1. Retain Legible Copies. You must securely retain legible copies of all Sales and Credit Drafts or any other transaction records for a period of eighteen (18) months from the date of each transaction and a period of five (5) years for the retention of healthcare Sales and Credit Drafts.

10.2. Provide Sales and Credit Drafts. You must provide all Sales and Credit Drafts or other transaction records requested within the time specified by us. You are responsible for any deficiencies in Card transaction data transmitted or otherwise delivered to us.

10.3. Ensure Proper Retrieval Fulfillment. To ensure proper Retrieval fulfillment and/or chargeback processing, Sales and Credit Drafts must contain the full sixteen (16) digit account number (as applicable), and expiration date (as applicable). Failure to retain this information could result in a future Chargeback to your account.

11. Chargebacks, Retrievals and Other Debits

11.1. Chargebacks.

11.1.1. Generally. Both the Cardholder and the Card Issuer have the right to question or dispute a transaction. If such questions or disputes are not resolved, a Chargeback may occur. A Chargeback is a Card transaction that is returned to us by the Card Issuer. As a result, we will debit your Settlement Account or

settlement funds for the amount of the Chargeback. It is strongly recommended that, whenever possible, you contact the Cardholder directly to resolve a disputed transaction or Chargeback.

11.1.2. Transaction Documentation Requests. In some cases, before a Chargeback is initiated, the Card Issuer will request a copy of the Sales Draft via a request for transaction documentation. We will forward the request to you. You must respond to the request within the time frame and manner set forth in the request. We will then forward your response to the Card Issuer. If you fail to timely respond, we will so notify the Card Issuer and a Chargeback may result. Upon receipt of a Transaction Documentation Request, immediately retrieve the requested Sales Draft(s) using the following guidelines:

- Make a legible copy, centered on 8-1/2 x 11-inch paper (only one (1) Sales Draft per page).
- Write the 'case number' from the request for transaction documentation on each copy/page.
- If applicable, make copies of a hotel folio, car rental agreement, or mail/phone/internet order form, or other form of receipt.
- If a credit transaction has been processed, a copy of the Credit Draft is also required.
- Letters are not acceptable substitutes for Sales Drafts.
- Fax or mail legible copies of the Sales Draft(s) to the fax number or mail address provided on the request form.
- If you fax your response, please set your fax machine to print your fax number and name on the documents that you send. We can use this information to determine where the documentation received originated from should additional research be required.
- Additionally, please set the scan resolution on your fax machine to the highest setting. The higher resolution setting improves the clarity of characters and graphics on the Sales Drafts transmitted and helps reduce the number of illegible fulfillments and/or Chargebacks.

If we do not receive a clear, legible and complete copy of the transaction documentation within the timeframe specified on the request, you may be subject to a Chargeback for "non-receipt" for which there is no recourse.

A handling fee may be charged by the Issuer and will be debited from your Settlement Account or settlement funds if a Transaction Documentation Request results from a difference in the following information on the Sales Draft and the transmitted record: merchant name or an incorrect city, province, foreign country and/or transaction date.

You need to respond to all transaction documentation requests within the specified timeframe indicated on the request, or you may be without recourse for a Chargeback. You must respond to all requests related to fraud investigations. Subsequent Chargebacks for "non receipt of requested item relating to a transaction for fraud request" cannot be contested or represented.

11.1.3. Chargeback Process. Regardless of whether you respond to a Transaction Documentation Request, a Chargeback may be debited to your Settlement Account for numerous reasons (see below). If the Card Issuer submits a Chargeback, we will send you a Chargeback notification, which may also include a request for transaction documentation. **Due to the short time requirements imposed by the Card Organizations, it is extremely important that you respond to a Chargeback notification and Transaction Documentation Request within the time frame set forth in the notification.** Do not process a credit transaction once a Chargeback is received; the Card Issuer will Credit the Cardholder's account.

If the information you provide is both timely and, in our sole discretion, sufficient to warrant a representment of the transaction and/or reversal of the Chargeback, we will do so on your behalf. However, representment and/or reversal is ultimately contingent upon the Card Issuer and/or Cardholder accepting the transaction under applicable Association guidelines. Representment or reversal is not a guarantee that the Chargeback has been resolved in your favor.

For Visa Chargebacks: If we reverse the Chargeback and represent the transaction to the Card Issuer, the Card Issuer, at its sole discretion, may elect to submit the matter for arbitration before Visa. Visa charges a filing fee and a review fee. If a decision is made in favor of the Cardholder and/or Card Issuer, and the Chargeback is upheld, you will be responsible for all such fees and any other applicable fees and penalties imposed by Visa, as they may change from time to time. Such fees and penalties will be debited from your Settlement Account or settlement funds, in addition to the Chargeback.

For MasterCard Chargebacks: If we reverse the Chargeback and represent the transaction to the Card Issuer, at its sole discretion, it may elect to resubmit the Chargeback. In such event, at our discretion, we will debit your Settlement Account or settlement funds for the Chargeback. However, if you feel strongly that it is an invalid Chargeback, we may, on your behalf and at your request, submit the matter for arbitration before MasterCard. MasterCard currently charges a filing fee and a review fee. If a decision is made in favor of the Cardholder and/or Card Issuer, and the Chargeback is upheld, you will be responsible for all such fees and any other penalties imposed by MasterCard, as they may change from time to time. Such fees and penalties will be debited from your Settlement Account or settlement funds, in addition to the Chargeback.

If the Chargeback is not disputed within the applicable time limits set forth by the Association Rules, reversal rights are forfeited. Our only alternative, for Visa and MasterCard non-fraud Chargeback reason codes, is to attempt a “good faith collection” from the Card Issuer on your behalf. This process can take up to six (6) months and must meet the Card Issuer’s criteria (e.g., at or above a set dollar amount. Good faith collection attempts are not a guarantee that any funds will be collected on your behalf. Card Issuers normally charge good faith collection fees, which are deducted from the transaction amount if accepted in addition to any processing fees that are charged by us.

MasterCard and Visa Association Rules require that a merchant make a good faith attempt and be willing and able to resolve any disputes directly with the Cardholder.

Due to Association Rules, you may not re-bill a Cardholder after a Chargeback is received for that transaction, even with Cardholder authorization.

We strongly recommend that you include a detailed rebuttal letter along with all pertinent documents when responding to a transaction request or a Chargeback notification (e.g., rental agreement, imprinted portion of the invoice or Sales Draft; the portion signed by the Cardholder; and the area where the authorization codes, with amounts and dates, are located).

Due to the short time frames and the supporting documentation necessary to successfully (and permanently) reverse a Chargeback in your favor, we strongly recommend the following:

- Avoid Chargebacks by adhering to the guidelines and procedures outlined in these Operating Procedures.
- If you do receive a Chargeback, investigate, and if you dispute the Chargeback, submit the appropriate documentation within the required time frame.
- Whenever possible, contact the Cardholder directly to resolve the dispute.
- If you have any questions, call Customer Service.

11.1.4. Chargeback Reasons. The following section outlines the most common types of Chargebacks. This list is not exhaustive. For ease of understanding, we have combined like Chargebacks into seven groupings. We have included recommendations on how to reduce the risk of Chargebacks within each group. These are recommendations only, and do not guarantee that you will be able to prevent Chargebacks.

1. Authorization Issues: Proper Authorization procedures were not followed and valid Authorization was not obtained.

The following scenarios could cause an Authorization Related Chargeback to occur:

- Authorization not obtained.
- Authorization was declined.
- Transaction processed with an expired card and Authorization was not obtained.
- Transaction was processed with an invalid account number and Authorization was not obtained.
- Card Recovery Bulletin (CRB) or Exception File was not checked (transactions below floor limit).

To reduce your risk of receiving an Authorization Related Chargeback:

- Obtain valid Authorization on the day of the transaction.
- Card Present Transactions-Authorization must be obtained on the transaction date for the amount settled.
- Card Not Present Transactions-Authorization must be obtained on the transaction date for the amount settled. However, if merchandise is being shipped, Authorization must be obtained within seven calendar days of the transaction ship date.
- If a declined response is received request another form of payment from the Cardholder.

- If a Referral response is received follow proper voice procedures to obtain a valid Authorization and obtain an imprint of the card.
 - “Pick-up” response indicates that the Issuer is requesting for the card to be retained and returned back to them. The Credit Card should not be accepted for payment. Additionally, you can choose to retain the Credit Card and return it to us.
 - Merchants should not exceed any predetermined thresholds for specific terminal types as specified by each Payment Card Company.
- 2. Cancellations and Returns:** Credit was not processed properly or the Cardholder has cancelled and/or returned items.

The following scenarios could cause a Cancellation and Return Related Chargeback to occur:

- Cardholder received damaged or defective merchandise.
- Cardholder continued to be billed for cancelled recurring transaction.
- Credit transaction was not processed.

To reduce your risk of receiving a Cancellation and Return Related Chargeback:

- Issue Credit to the Cardholder on the same account as the purchase in a timely manner.
 - Do not issue Credit to the Cardholder in the form of cash, cheque or in-store/merchandise Credit as we may not be able to recoup your funds in the event the transaction is charged back.
 - Ensure customers are fully aware of the conditions for recurring transactions. Cancel recurring billings as soon as notification is received from the customer or as a Chargeback, and Issue a Credit as needed to the cardholder in a timely manner.
 - Pre-notify the Cardholder of billings within 10 days (Domestic) and 15 (International) prior to billing, allowing the Cardholder time to cancel the transaction.
 - Provide proper disclosure of your refund policy for returned/cancelled merchandise, or services to the cardholder at the time of transaction.
 - Card present, cardholder signed the Sales Draft containing disclosure.
 - If applicable, the words “NO EXCHANGE, NO REFUND,” etc. must be clearly printed in ¼ inch lettering on the Sales Draft near or above the Cardholder signature.
 - Ecommerce, provide disclosure on website on same page as check out showing Cardholder must click to accept prior to completion.
 - Card Not Present, provide cancellation policy at the time of the transaction.
 - Provide cancellation numbers to Cardholder’s when lodging services are cancelled.
 - Ensure delivery of the merchandise or services ordered to the Cardholder.
- 3. Fraud:** Transactions that the Cardholder or authorized user claim are unauthorized; the account number is no longer in use or is fictitious, or the merchant was identified as “high risk”.

The following scenarios could cause a Fraud Related Chargeback to occur:

- Multiple transactions were completed with a single card without the Cardholder’s permission.
- Counterfeit card was utilized and proper acceptance procedures were not followed.
- Authorization was obtained; however, full track data was not transmitted.
- Cardholder states that they did not authorize or participate in the transaction.

To reduce your risk of receiving a Fraud Related Chargeback:

Card Present Transactions:

- Obtain an Authorization for all transactions.
- If you are an electronic merchant, magnetically swipe all card transactions through your electronic authorization device to capture Cardholder information and ensure the displayed Cardholder number matches the number on the card.
- If you are unable to swipe the card or if a Referral response is received, imprint the card using a valid imprinting device that will capture the embossed card and merchant information. Do not alter the imprint on the draft in any way. Manually entering the information into the terminal does not protect

you from this type of Chargeback. All pertinent information relating to the transaction must be written on the manually imprinted draft (transaction date, dollar amount, authorization code and merchandise description) along with the Cardholder signature.

Note: Do not imprint on the back of a signed draft. The imprint must be on the transaction document that contains all transaction elements to prove the card was present at the time of the transaction.

- Obtain the Cardholder signature for all transactions; ensure the signature on the draft matches the signature on the back of the card.
- Process all transaction one time and do not batch out transaction multiple times.
- Educate staff on procedures to eliminate point of sale (POS) fraud.

Card Not Present Transactions:

- Participation in recommended Fraud Prevention Tools:
- Verified by Visa Program.
- MasterCard SecureCode.
- Address Verification Services.
- CVV2, CVC2 and CID Verification.

Note: While transactions utilizing these tools may still be disputed, the service may assist you with your decision to accept the card for the transaction.

- Ensure you ship to the AVS confirmed address (bill to and ship to should match).
- Obtain Authorization for all transactions.
- Ensure merchant descriptor matches the name of the business and is displayed correctly on the Cardholder statement.
- Ensure descriptor includes correct business address and a valid customer service number.

4. Cardholder Disputes: Merchandise or services not received by the Cardholder, Merchandise defective or not as described.

The following scenarios could cause a Cardholder Dispute Chargeback to occur:

- Services were not provided or merchandise was not received by the Cardholder.
- The Cardholder was charged prior to merchandise being shipped or merchandise was not received by agreed upon delivery date or location.
- Cardholder received merchandise that was defective damaged or unsuited for the purpose sold, or did not match the description on the transaction documentation/verbal description presented at the time of purchase.
- Cardholder paid with an alternate means and their Credit. Card was also billed for the same transaction.
- Cardholder cancelled service or merchandise and their Credit Card was billed.
- Cardholder billed for a transaction that was not part of the original transaction document.

To reduce your risk of receiving a Cardholder Dispute Related Chargeback:

- Provide Services or Merchandise as agreed upon and described to the cardholder; clearly indicate the expected delivery date on the sales receipt or invoice.
- Contact the cardholder in writing if the merchandise or service cannot be provided or is delayed, and offer the cardholder the option to cancel if your internal policies allow.
- In the event that the cardholder received defective merchandise or the merchandise received was not as described; resolve the issue with the cardholder at first contact.
- If the merchandise is being picked up by the Cardholder have them sign for the merchandise after inspection that it was received in good.
- Do not charge the Cardholder until the merchandise has been shipped, ship according to the agreed upon terms and obtain signed Proof of Delivery from the Cardholder.
- If unable to provide services or merchandise, issue credit to cardholder in a timely manner.
- Accept only one form of payment per transaction and ensure the cardholder is only billed once per transaction.

- Do not bill Cardholder for loss, theft or damages unless authorized by the cardholder.

5. Processing Errors: Error was made when transaction was processed or it was billed incorrectly.

The following scenarios could cause a Processing Error Chargeback to occur:

- Transaction was not deposited within the Payment Card Company specified timeframe.
- Cardholder was issue a credit voucher; however, the transaction was processed as a sale.
- Transaction was to be processed in a currency other than the currency used to settle the transaction.
- The account number or transaction amount utilized in the transaction was incorrectly entered.
- A single transaction was processed more than once to the cardholders account.
- Cardholder initially presented card as payment for the transaction; however cardholder decided to use an alternate form of payment.
- Limited amount or self-service terminal transaction was processed for an amount which is over the pre-determined limit.

To reduce your risk of receiving a Processing Error Related Chargeback:

- Process all transactions within the Payment Card Company specified timeframes.
- Ensure all transactions are processed accurately and only one time.

Note: In the event that a transaction was processed more than once; immediately issue voids, transaction reversals or credits.

- Ensure that credit transaction receipts are processed as credits and sale transaction receipts are processed as sales.
- Ensure all transactions received a valid authorization code prior to processing the transaction and obtain a legible magnetic swipe or imprinted transaction document that is signed.
- Do not alter transaction documentation or make any adjustments unless the cardholder has been contacted and agrees to any modifications of the transaction amount.
- Ensure limited amount, self-service and automated fuel dispenser terminals are set properly to conform to the pre-determined limits.

6. Non Receipt of Information: Failure to Respond to a Retrieval Request or Cardholder Does Not Recognize.

The following scenarios could cause Non Receipt of Information Chargeback to occur:

- The transaction documentation was not provided to fulfill the retrieval request.
- The retrieval request was fulfilled with an illegible transaction receipt or was an invalid fulfillment (Incorrect sales slip or sales slip did not contain required information which may include signature).
- The Cardholder does not recognize or is unfamiliar with the transaction due to the merchant name and/or location not matching the name and/or location where the transaction took place.

To reduce your risk of receiving a Non Receipt of Information Related Chargeback:

- Provide a clear and legible copy of the transaction documentation that contains all required data elements within the required timeframe that is specified on the retrieval request.
- Ensure that the most recognizable merchant name, location and/or customer service phone number is provided on all transactions.
- Retain copies of all transaction documentation for the required timeframe that is specified by each Payment Card Company.
- Develop efficient methods to retrieve transaction documentation to maximize ability to fulfill requests.

11.2. Other Debits. We may also debit your Settlement Account or your settlement funds in the event we are required to pay Association fees, charges, fines, penalties or other assessments as a consequence of your sales activities. Such debits shall not be subject to any limitations of time specified elsewhere in your Merchant Agreement. The following is a list of reasons for other debits. We may add to or delete from this list as changes occur in the Association Rules or our operational requirements:

- Association fees, charges, fines, penalties, registration fees, or other assessments including any fees levied against us or any amount for which you are obligated to indemnify us.

- Currency conversion was incorrectly calculated.
- Discount not previously charged.
- Reversal of deposit posted to your account in error.
- Debit for Summary Adjustment not previously posted.
- Reversal of credit for deposit previously posted.
- Debit for Chargeback never posted to your account.
- Debit for EDC Batch error fee.
- Association Merchant Chargeback/Fraud Monitoring Fee – Excessive Chargeback Handling Fee.
- Failure of transaction to meet Member Controller Authorization Service (“MCAS”) – Cardholder account number on exception file.
- Original transaction currency (foreign) not provided.
- Travel Voucher exceeds maximum value.
- Debit and/or fee for investigation and/or Chargeback costs related to our termination of your Merchant Agreement, or for costs related to our collection activities in an amount no less than \$100.00.
- Costs arising from replacement or damage to equipment rented.
- Payment of current or past due amounts for any equipment purchase, rental or lease.
- Incorrect merchant descriptor (name and/or city, province) submitted.
- Incorrect transaction date submitted.
- Shipping and handling interchange fees.
- Costs or expenses associated with responding to any subpoena, garnishment, levy or other legal process associated with your account.

11.3. Summary (Deposit) Adjustments / Electronic Rejects. Occasionally, it is necessary to adjust the dollar amount of your summaries/Submissions (deposits) and Credit or debit your Settlement Account or settlement funds accordingly. The following is a list of the most frequent reasons for Summary (Deposit) Adjustments/Electronic Rejects:

- Your summary reflected an arithmetic error.
- Submitted sales not included in your Merchant Agreement (e.g., American Express, JCB).
- The dollar amount is unreadable/ illegible.
- The Cardholder’s account number is unreadable/ illegible.
- Duplicate Sales Draft submitted.
- Credit Card number is incorrect /incomplete.
- Summary indicated Credits, but no Credits were submitted.

11.4. Disputing Other Debits and Summary Adjustments. In order to quickly resolve disputed debits and Summary Adjustments, it is extremely important that the items listed in this section be faxed or sent to the address listed on the notification.

If the Summary Adjustment is for an unreadable or incorrect Cardholder number, resubmit the corrected Sales Draft with your next deposit. Also, if the transaction is over thirty (30) calendar days old, you must reauthorize and obtain a valid Authorization Code.

A clear and legible copy of the Sales Draft containing the following information should be obtained from your files:

- Date of sale/Credit;
- Cardholder’s account number, name and signature;
- Total amount of the sale and description of goods and services; and
- Date and Authorization Approval Code.

Include a dated cover letter detailing the reasons for requesting a review of the debit or Summary Adjustment and documentation to support your dispute. (You should retain a copy of the correspondence and all documentation for your files.) If the inquiry is related to prior correspondence, be sure to include the control

number we previously used. Immediately fax or mail the Sales or Credit Drafts to the fax number or address provided on your notification letter.

If you have any questions, please call Customer Service. If a Customer Service Representative informs you that additional documentation is required in order to fully review the item, please immediately submit your rebuttal and transaction documentation to the fax number or address listed on the debit notification.

12. Account Maintenance

12.1. Change of Settlement Number. If you change the Settlement Account in which you receive the proceeds of your transactions, you must call Customer Service or your Relationship Manager immediately. If you accept payment types other than Visa, MasterCard or Interac (such as the American Express Card), you are also responsible for contacting the Card Organizations or companies governing those Cards to notify them of this change.

12.2. Change in Your Legal Name or Structure. You must call Customer Service or your Relationship Manager and request a new Merchant Agreement.

12.3. Change in Company DBA Name, Address or Telephone/Facsimile Number. To change your company DBA name, address or telephone/facsimile number, you must send the request in writing to the address on your statement.

12.4. Other Change(s) in Merchant Profile. You must immediately notify us of any change to the information on file with us in your merchant profile, including: (i) any new lines or types of business; (ii) change in ownership; (iii) closing or liquidation of business or any location; (iv) change in Card processing method (i.e., paper Sales Drafts to POS Device); (v) voluntary or involuntary party to a bankruptcy case; (vi) entry into a loan or other agreement with a third party that seeks to affect this Merchant Agreement; and/or (vii) change from a business that exclusively conducts card-present retail sales to one that accepts Card sales by mail, telephone or Internet transactions. We retain the right to terminate your Merchant Agreement if you fail to notify us of any change to the information in your merchant profile.

13. Card Monitoring Organizations

MasterCard, Visa and Interac and other Independent Card Issuers have established guidelines, merchant monitoring programs and reports to track merchant activity such as, but not limited to excessive credits and Chargebacks, reported fraud, the sale of Illegal, Counterfeit, and Brand Damaging products and services, and increased deposit activity. In the event you exceed the guidelines, engage in practices that could circumvent such monitoring programs or submit suspicious transactions as identified by a Card Organization or any related program or reports, you may be subject to: (i) operating procedure requirement modifications; (ii) incremental Chargebacks and/or increased fees; (iii) settlement delay or withholding; (iv) termination of your Merchant Agreement; or (v) audit and imposition of fines.

14. Supplies

14.1. Placing Orders.

- To order additional supplies, call Customer Service when you have two months' inventory left. We will ship you an adequate amount of supplies. The amount of supplies (based on usage) on hand should not exceed a three to six-month supply.
- In an EMERGENCY, please contact Customer Service using the number provided in your Merchant Agreement. If supplies are sent via an express delivery service, the delivery charges will be debited to your account.
- You are responsible for unauthorized use of sales/credit and summary Media. We recommended that you store all supplies in a safe location.
- You may be charged for supplies and applicable shipping and handling charges.

15. Dynamic Currency Conversion (“DCC”)

Dynamic Currency Conversion (DCC) is a service that allows you to offer international Cardholders the option to pay in their home currency rather than Canadian Dollars at the point-of-sale. You must register with the Card Issuers through us prior to offering DCC service to Cardholders. You have sole responsibility to comply with Laws and Payment Network Regulations governing DCC Transactions, including all of the following:

- Inform the Cardholder that DCC is optional and that the Cardholder must actively choose to have the transaction processed in his or her home currency. The Cardholder must expressly agree to the DCC transaction and check the “accept” box on the transaction receipt.
- Not impose any additional requirements on the Cardholder to have the transaction processed in the local currency.
- Not use any language or procedures that cause the Cardholder to choose DCC by default.
- If the Cardholder does not actively choose to have the transaction processed in his or her home currency, you must not complete the DCC transaction, but may complete the transaction in your local currency.
- Not misrepresent, either explicitly or implicitly, that its DCC service is an Association service.
- You must comply with the following DCC Cardholder written disclosure requirements in all acceptance environments, with the exception of telephone order (TO) transactions:
 - Currency symbol of the Merchant’s local currency.
 - Transaction amount of the goods or services purchased in the Merchant’s local currency.
 - Exchange rate used to determine the transaction amount in the Cardholder’s home currency.
 - Any currency conversion commission, fees, or mark-up on the exchange rate over a wholesale rate or government mandated rate.
 - Currency symbol of the proposed transaction currency.
 - Total transaction amount charged by the Merchant in the proposed transaction currency.
- For TO transactions, you must verbally notify the Cardholder of all the disclosure requirements listed above before initiating a DCC transaction.
- Comply with all of the transaction document requirements required by us from time to time. At this time, in addition to the appropriate electronic or manual transaction receipt requirements, DCC transaction receipts must also include:
 - The price of the goods or services in the Merchant’s local currency, accompanied by the Merchant’s local currency symbol next to the amount.
 - The total price in the transaction currency, the transaction currency symbol, and the words transaction currency.
 - The exchange rate used to convert the total price from the Merchant’s local currency to the transaction currency.
 - The currency conversion commission, fees, or mark-up on the exchange rate over a wholesale rate or government mandated rate.
 - A statement in an area easily seen by the Cardholder stating that the Cardholder was offered the option to pay in the Merchant’s local currency.
 - Cardholder expressly agrees to the transaction receipt information by marking an “accept” box on the transaction receipt.
 - An indication that DCC is conducted by the Merchant.
- Prior to initiating an MO DCC transaction, you must ensure that the following information is included on the MO form:
 - Specific transaction currency agreed to by the Cardholder and Merchant.
 - A statement that the exchange rate that will be used to convert the transaction amount from the Merchant’s local currency to the Cardholder’s home currency will be determined at a later time without additional consultation with the Cardholder.
 - Currency conversion commission, fees, or mark-up on the exchange rate over a wholesale rate or government mandated rate.
 - That the Cardholder has a choice of payment currencies, including the Merchant’s local currency.
 - An “accept” box that Cardholder may mark to indicate acceptance of the DCC transaction.
- Prior to initiating an Electronic-Commerce (EC) DCC transaction, you must inform the Cardholder of all of the DCC written disclosure requirements listed above. You must provide this information with an “accept” or other affirmative button that requires Cardholder agreement to proceed.

- Prior to initiating a T&E DCC transaction, you must inform the Cardholder of all of the following information:
- The specific currency in which the DCC transaction will take place.
- That the Cardholder has a choice of payment currencies, including the Merchant's local currency.
- The Cardholder understands that a DCC transaction will take place.
- That the exchange rate is determined at a later time without further Cardholder consultation.
- Currency conversion commissions, fees, or mark-up on the exchange rate over a wholesale rate or government mandated rate.
- This information must be documented in a written agreement that is signed by the Cardholder before checkout or rental return that authorizes Merchant to deposit a transaction receipt without the Cardholder's signature for the total amount of their obligation. Further, the Cardholder must expressly agree to DCC by marking the "accept" box on the written agreement.
- Failure to follow the Payment Network Regulations (aka Credit Card Organizations) may result in a Chargeback of the transaction. If the transaction is processed in a currency different from the currency listed on the transaction receipt, a Chargeback may be issued for the full amount of the transaction. There is no right of representment or rebuttal of the Chargeback.
- Comply with any other requirements regarding DCC that we may notify you of from time to time.
- Credit Card Organizations have the right to terminate their provision of the DCC services to Merchant. Failure to comply with the DCC requirements may result in fines, penalties, and/or termination of the DCC services.

Glossary

As used in these Operating Procedures, the following terms mean as follows:

Address Verification ("AVS"): A service provided through which a merchant verifies the Cardholder's address, in whole or in part. Primarily used by Mail / Telephone/Internet order merchants. Address verification is intended to deter fraudulent transactions. However, it is not a guarantee that a transaction is valid.

Agreement: The Agreements among Client, Processor, and Bank, contained in the Card Acceptance Form, the Merchant Services Terms and Conditions and the Schedules thereto and documents incorporated therein, each as amended from time to time, which collectively constitute the Agreement among the parties.

Authorization: Approval by, or on behalf of, the Card Issuer to validate a transaction for a merchant or another affiliate bank. An Authorization only indicates the availability of the Cardholder's Credit Limit at the time the authorization is requested.

Authorization Approval Code: A number issued to a participating merchant by the Authorization Centre which confirms the Authorization for a sale or service.

Authorization Centre: A department that electronically communicates a merchant's request for Authorization on Credit Card transactions to the Cardholder's bank and transmits such Authorization to the merchant via electronic equipment or by voice Authorization.

Authorization/EDC Fees: A fee that applies to all Visa, MasterCard and Discover Card approvals (pre-authorizations, authorizations & authorization reversals), denials, batch inquiries, and batch entry transactions and includes any transaction fees and capture fees.

Bank: The bank identified on the Form signed by you.

Batch: A single Submission to us of a group of transactions (sales and credits) for settlement. A Batch usually represents a day's worth of transactions.

Business Day: A day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks in Ontario are generally open for business.

Card: See either Credit Card or Debit Card.

Card Acceptance Form ("CAF"): The Card Acceptance Form is used by us for merchant applications, as we may modify from time to time.

Cardholder: Means the individual whose name is embossed on a Card and any authorized user of such Card (or Debit Card, as applicable) and any authorized user of such Card.

Card Issuer: The bank or Card Organization that issues a Card to an individual.

Card Not Present Sale/transaction: A transaction that occurs when the Card is not present at the point-of-sale, including Internet, mail-order and telephone-order Card sales.

Card Organization: Any entity formed to administer and promote Cards, including without limitation MasterCard International, Incorporated (“MasterCard”), Visa Canada Corporation, the Interac Association, American Express and any other applicable Card networks.

Card Organization Rules: The rules, regulations, releases, interpretations and other requirements (whether contractual or otherwise) imposed or adopted by any Card Organization and related authorities, including without limitation, those of the PCI Security Standards Council, LLC.

Card Validation Codes: A three-digit value printed in the signature panel of most Cards and a four-digit value printed in the front of an American Express Card. Visa’s Card Validation Code is known as CVV2; MasterCard’s Card Validation Code is known as CVC2. Card Validation Codes are used to deter fraudulent use of an account number in a non-face-to-face environment, (e.g., mail orders, telephone orders and Internet orders).

Card Verification Value (CVV) / Card Validation Code (CVC): A unique value encoded on the Magnetic Stripe of a Card used to validate Card information during the Authorization process.

Cash Benefits: An EBT account maintained by an Issuer that represents pre-funded or day-of-draw benefits, or both, administered by one or more government entities, and for which the Issuer has agreed to provide access under the EBT program. Multiple benefits may be combined in a single cash benefit account.

Cash Over Transaction: Dispensing of cash by a merchant in connection with a Card sale, other than a PIN Debit Card transaction, for the purchase of goods or services.

Chargeback: The procedure by which a Sales Draft or other indicia of a Card transaction (or disputed portion) is returned to us, Bank, the acquirer or the Issuer. You are responsible for reimbursing us for all Chargebacks.

Cheque Verification: A service provided in which a merchant accesses a national negative file database through its terminal/register to verify or authorize that a person has no outstanding bad cheque complaints at any of the member merchants. This is not a guarantee of payment to the merchant.

Client: The party identified as “Client” on the Application. The words “you,” “your,” “Customer” and “Merchant” also refer to Client.

Credit: A refund or price adjustment given for a previous purchase transaction.

Credit Card: A device bearing a valid Organization Mark of Visa or MasterCard and authorizing the Cardholder to buy goods or services on Credit and, to the extent the Schedules so provide, a valid device authorizing the Cardholder to buy goods or services on Credit and issued by any other Schedules.

Credit Draft: A document evidencing the return of merchandise by a Cardholder to a Client, or other refund or price adjustment made by the Client to the Cardholder, whether electronic, paper or some other form, all of which must conform to Card Organization Rules and applicable law.

Credit Limit: The credit line set by the Card Issuer for the Cardholder’s Credit Card account.

Customer Activated Terminal (“CAT”): A Magnetic Stripe terminal or chip-reading device (such as an automatic dispensing machine, Limited Amount Terminal, or Self-Service Terminal) that is not an automated teller machine (“ATM”).

Debit Card: A Card that is tied to a Cardholder’s bank account and which is processed with the use of a PIN.

Dial-Up Terminal: An Authorization device which, like a telephone, dials an Authorization Centre for validation of transactions.

Discount Rate: A percentage rate and/or amount charged a merchant for processing its qualifying daily Credit Card and Non-PIN Debit Card transactions, as set forth in the Application. Transactions that fail to meet applicable interchange requirements will be charged additional amounts as set in your Agreement.

Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT): An Electronic Benefits Transfer system used to deliver certain government benefits that allows a government benefit recipient to authorize the transfer of their benefits from a Federal, provincial or local government account to a merchant account to pay for products and services received.

Electronic Draft Capture (EDC): A process which allows a merchant’s Dial-Up Terminal to receive authorization and capture transactions, and electronically transmit them to a Card processor. This eliminates the need to submit paper for processing.

Factoring: The submission of authorization requests and/or Sales Drafts by a merchant for Card sales or Cash Advances transacted by another business. Factoring is prohibited.

Imprinter: A manual or electric machine used to physically imprint the merchant's name and ID number as well as the Cardholder's name and Card number on Sales Drafts.

Issuer: The Bank or card Organization which has issued a Card to a Person. MasterCard, Visa and Interac only issue Cards through banks ("Issuing Banks").

Limited Amount Terminal: A customer Activated Terminal that has data capture only capability, and accepts payment for items such as parking garage fees, road tolls, motion picture theater entrance, or magnetic stripe telephones.

Magnetic Stripe: A stripe of magnetic information affixed to the back of a plastic Credit or Debit Card. The Magnetic Stripe contains essential Cardholder and account information.

Marks: Names, logos, emblems, brands, service marks, trademarks, trade names, tag lines or other proprietary designations.

Media: The documentation of monetary transactions (i.e., Sales Drafts, Credit Drafts, computer printouts, etc.).

Merchant Agreement: The agreement (consisting of the Card Acceptance Form and the Merchant terms and conditions), entered into between a merchant and First Data pertaining to Card transactions by the merchant.

Merchant Identification Card: A plastic embossed Card supplied to each merchant to be used for imprinting information to be submitted with each batch of paper Sales Drafts. Embossed data includes Merchant Account Number, name and sometimes merchant ID code and terminal number.

Merchant Account Number (Merchant Number or "MID"): A number that numerically identifies each merchant, outlet, or line of business for accounting and billing purposes.

Merchant Services Terms and Conditions: The booklet which contains General Terms, Third Party Agreements, which together with the Card Acceptance Form and the Schedules thereto and documents incorporated therein, constitute your agreement with Processor and Bank.

Non-Bank Services: Products and/or Services for which Bank is not responsible, or a party to, including American Express, PIN Debit Card, and Electronic Benefits Transfer Transactions and Transactions Involving Cards from other Non-Bank Card Organizations, such as other items as may be indicated in your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions.

Non-Qualified Interchange Fee: The difference between the interchange fee associated with the Anticipated Interchange Level and the interchange fee associated with the more costly interchange level at which the transaction actually was processed.

Non-Qualified Surcharge: A surcharge applied to any transaction that fails to qualify for the Anticipated Interchange Level and is therefore downgraded to a more costly interchange level. The Non-Qualified Surcharge (the amount of which is set forth on your Card Acceptance Form) is in addition to the Non-Qualified Interchange Fee, which is also your responsibility (as described in your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions).

Operating Procedures: This manual (including any updates, amendments, attachments and revisions), prepared by us, and containing operational procedures, instructions and other directives relating to Card transactions.

PAN Truncation: A procedure by which a Cardholder's copy of a Sales Draft or Credit Draft will only reflect the last four digits of the Card.

PIN: A Personal Identification Number entered by the Cardholder to submit a PIN Debit Card transaction. Interac Debit Card: Interac Debit Cards bear the marks of the Interac Association.

Point of Sale ("POS") Terminal: A device placed in a merchant location which is connected to the Processor's system via telephone lines and is designed to authorize record and transmit settlement data by electronic means for all sales transactions with Processor.

Processor: The entity identified on the Application (other than the Bank) which provides certain services under the Merchant Services Terms and Agreement.

Recurring Payment Indicator: A value used to identify transactions for which a Cardholder provides permission to a merchant to bill the Cardholder's Card account at either a predetermined interval, or as agreed by the Cardholder for recurring goods or services.

Referral: A message received from an Issuer when an attempt for Authorization requires a call to the Voice Authorization Centre or Voice Response Unit (VRU).

Reserve Account: An account established and funded at our request or on your behalf, pursuant to Article I, Section 2.10 of the Merchant Services Terms and Conditions.

Resubmission: A transaction that a merchant originally processed as a “Store and Forward” transaction, but received a soft denial from the respective Card Organization. The Resubmission transaction allows the merchant to attempt to obtain an approval for the soft denial, in which case the merchant assumes the risk that the transaction fails.

Retrieval Request/Transaction Documentation Request: A request for documentation related to a Card transaction such as a copy of a Sales Draft or other transaction source documents.

Sales/Credit Summary: The identifying form used by a paper Submission merchant to indicate a Batch of Sales Drafts and Credit Drafts (usually one day's work). Not a Batch header, which is used by electronic merchants.

Sales Draft: Evidence of a purchase, rental or lease of goods or services by a Cardholder from, and other payments to, Client, using a Card, including preauthorized orders and recurring transactions (unless the context requires otherwise) regardless of whether the form of such evidence is in paper or electronic form or otherwise, all of which must conform to Card Organization Rules and applicable law.

Schedules: The attachments, addenda and other documents, including revisions thereto, which may be incorporated into and made part of your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions concurrently with or after the date of your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions.

Self Service Terminals: A Customer Activated Terminal (“CAT”) that accepts payment of goods or services such as prepaid cards or video rental, has electronic capability, and does not accept PIN's.

Services: The activities undertaken by Processor and/or Bank and that we provide as described in your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions, including Card transaction authorization, processing and settlement of all Visa, MasterCard and Interac Card transactions undertaken by Cardholders at your location(s) in Canada, and all other activities necessary for us to perform the functions required by your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions for all other Cards accepted by you, as identified on your Card Acceptance Form.

Servicers: Bank and Processor collectively. The words “we”, “us” and “our” and “we” refer to Servicers, with respect to Visa, MasterCard and Interac Card transactions unless otherwise indicated in the Merchant Services Terms and Conditions.

Settlement Account: An account at a Canadian Insured Deposit Corporation insured financial institution designated by you as the account to be debited and credited by us for Card transactions, fees, chargebacks and other amounts due under or in connection with your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions. Defined in your Merchant Services Terms and Conditions as your “Current Account”.

Store and Forward: A transaction that has been authorized by a merchant when the merchant cannot obtain an authorization while the customer is present, typically due to a communications failure. The merchant will store the transaction electronically in their host system and retransmit the transaction when communications have been restored.

Submission: The process of sending Batch deposits to Processor for processing. This may be done electronically

Summary Adjustment: An adjustment to your Submission and / or Settlement Accounts in order to correct errors.

Telecommunication Card Sales: Individual, local or long distance telephone calls, for which the telephone service provider is paid directly by use of a Card. These do not include calls paid for with prepaid telephone service cards. Telecommunication Card Sales are considered Card Not Present Sales.

Transaction Fees: Service costs charged to you on a per transaction basis.

Us, We: See Servicers.

You, Your: See Client.